



First Semester Examination
Academic Session 2018/2019

December 2018/January 2019

MAT201 - Advanced Calculus
(*Kalkulus Lanjutan*)

Duration : 3 hours
(Masa : 3 jam)

Please check that this examination paper consists of SEVEN (7) pages of printed material before you begin the examination.

[Sila pastikan bahawa kertas peperiksaan ini mengandungi TUJUH (7) muka surat yang bercetak sebelum anda memulakan peperiksaan ini.]

Instructions: Answer **ALL SIX (6)** questions.

[Arahan: Jawab **SEMUA ENAM (6)** soalan.]

In the event of any discrepancies, the English version shall be used.

[Sekiranya terdapat sebarang percanggahan pada soalan peperiksaan, versi Bahasa Inggeris hendaklah diguna pakai].

Question 1

- (a) (i) Show that $\lim_{t \rightarrow 0^+} (t^3 \ln t) = 0$.
- (ii) Find the indefinite integral $\int x^2 \ln x \, dx$.
- (iii) Determine whether the improper integral $\int_0^2 x^2 \ln x \, dx$ is convergent or divergent.
- [40 marks]
- (b) By using the Comparison Theorem, determine whether the improper integral $\int_1^\infty \frac{\sin^2 x}{x^2} \, dx$ is convergent or divergent.
- [20 marks]
- (c) A sequence $\langle a_n \rangle_{n=1}^\infty$ is recursively defined by
- $$a_1 = \sqrt{2} \text{ and } a_{n+1} = \sqrt{2 + a_n} \text{ for all } n \geq 1.$$
- (i) Show that $a_n < 2$ for all $n \geq 1$.
- (ii) Given the fact that this sequence is increasing, deduce that $\langle a_n \rangle_{n=1}^\infty$ is convergent and find its limit.
- [40 marks]

Soalan 1

- (a) (i) Tunjukkan bahawa $\lim_{t \rightarrow 0^+} (t^3 \ln t) = 0$.
- (ii) Dapatkan kamiran tak tentu $\int x^2 \ln x \, dx$.
- (iii) Tentukan sama ada kamiran tak wajar $\int_0^2 x^2 \ln x \, dx$ adalah menumpu atau mencapah.
- [40 markah]
- (b) Dengan menggunakan Teorem Perbandingan, tentukan sama ada kamiran tak wajar $\int_1^\infty \frac{\sin^2 x}{x^2} \, dx$ adalah menumpu atau mencapah.
- [20 markah]

- 3 -

(c) Suatu jujukan $\langle a_n \rangle_{n=1}^{\infty}$ ditakrifkan secara rekursi oleh

$$a_1 = \sqrt{2} \text{ dan } a_{n+1} = \sqrt{2 + a_n} \text{ untuk semua } n \geq 1.$$

(i) Tunjukkan bahawa $a_n < 2$ untuk semua $n \geq 1$.

(ii) Diberikan fakta bahawa jujukan ini adalah menaik, deduksikan bahawa $\langle a_n \rangle_{n=1}^{\infty}$ adalah menumpu dan dapatkan had jujukan tersebut.

[40 markah]

Question 2

(a) Evaluate the series $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{n-1} - \frac{1}{n+1} \right)$.

[30 marks]

(b) Determine whether the given series is convergent or divergent.

(i) $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{5 + 2n^3}{n^5 + 3n^2 + 7}$

(ii) $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n \ln n}$

[60 marks]

(c) Suppose that $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n$ is a convergent series, where $a_n \neq 0$ for all $n \geq 1$. Prove that $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{a_n}$ is a divergent series.

[10 marks]

Soalan 2

(a) Nilaikan siri $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{n-1} - \frac{1}{n+1} \right)$.

[30 markah]

(b) Tentukan sama ada siri yang diberi menumpu atau mencapah.

(i) $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{5 + 2n^3}{n^5 + 3n^2 + 7}$

(ii) $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n \ln n}$

[60 markah]

...4/-

- (c) Andaikan bahawa $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n$ ialah suatu siri menumpu dengan $a_n \neq 0$ untuk semua $n \geq 1$. Buktikan bahawa $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{a_n}$ ialah suatu siri mencapah.

[10 markah]

Question 3

- (a) (i) Justify that the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n}$ is convergent.
- (ii) Find the interval of convergence of the power series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n x^n}{n 2^n}$.
- [40 marks]
- (b) (i) Derive the Maclaurin series for $f(x) = \ln(1+x)$ using the definition. Then find its radius of convergence.
- (ii) Using your answer in part (i), find the Maclaurin series for $f(x) = x \ln(1-3x)$ and its radius of convergence.
- [45 marks]
- (c) Give an example of a conditionally convergent series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n$ such that $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n a_n$ converges.
- [15 marks]

Soalan 3

- (a) (i) Justifikasikan bahawa siri $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n}$ adalah menumpu.
- (ii) Cari selang penumpuan untuk siri kuasa $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n x^n}{n 2^n}$.
- [40 markah]
- (b) (i) Terbitkan siri Maclaurin untuk $f(x) = \ln(1+x)$ dengan menggunakan takrif. Kemudian, dapatkan jejari penumpuan siri ini.
- (ii) Dengan menggunakan jawapan anda di bahagian (i), cari siri Maclaurin untuk $f(x) = x \ln(1-3x)$ dan jejari penumpuan siri ini.
- [45 markah]
- (c) Berikan satu contoh siri menumpu bersyarat $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n$ sedemikian hingga $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n a_n$ menumpu.
- [15 markah]
- ...5/-

Question 4

- (a) Determine the region where the following function is continuous.

$$f(x,y) = \begin{cases} \frac{xy}{x^2 + xy + y^2}, & (x,y) \neq (0,0), \\ 0, & (x,y) = (0,0). \end{cases}$$

[40 marks]

- (b) Consider the function $f(x,y) = x^4y^2 - x^3 \cos(y)$. Find

(i) f_{xxx} ,

(ii) f_{xyx} .

[30 marks]

- (c) If $z = f(x,y)$, where $x = s + t$ and $y = s - t$, show that

$$\left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial x}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial y}\right)^2 = \frac{\partial z}{\partial s} \frac{\partial z}{\partial t}.$$

[30 marks]

Soalan 4

- (a) Tentukan rantau supaya fungsi berikut selanjar.

$$f(x,y) = \begin{cases} \frac{xy}{x^2 + xy + y^2}, & (x,y) \neq (0,0), \\ 0, & (x,y) = (0,0). \end{cases}$$

[40 markah]

- (b) Pertimbangkan fungsi $f(x,y) = x^4y^2 - x^3 \cos(y)$. Dapatkan

(i) f_{xxx} ,

(ii) f_{xyx} .

[30 markah]

- (c) Jika $z = f(x,y)$ dengan $x = s + t$ dan $y = s - t$, tunjukkan bahawa

$$\left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial x}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial y}\right)^2 = \frac{\partial z}{\partial s} \frac{\partial z}{\partial t}.$$

[30 markah]

Question 5

- (a) Find the directional derivative of $f(x,y) = \sqrt{xy}$ at $P(2,8)$ in the direction from P to $Q(5,4)$.

[30 marks]

- (b) Let $f(x,y) = x + 4y + \frac{2}{xy}$.

- (i) Find the critical point(s) of $f(x,y)$.
- (ii) Use the second derivative test to classify the type of critical point(s) found in part (a).

[40 marks]

- (c) Find the point on the plane $2x + y - z = 6$ which is the closest to the origin, by using the method of Lagrange multipliers.

[30 marks]

Soalan 5

- (a) Dapatkan terbitan berarah bagi $f(x,y) = \sqrt{xy}$ pada $P(2,8)$ dalam arah dari P ke $Q(5,4)$.

[30 markah]

- (b) Biar $f(x,y) = x + 4y + \frac{2}{xy}$.

- (i) Dapatkan titik genting bagi $f(x,y)$.
- (ii) Gunakan ujian terbitan kedua untuk mengelaskan jenis titik genting yang ditemui di bahagian (a).

[40 markah]

- (c) Dapatkan titik terdekat kepada titik asalan pada satah $2x + y - z = 6$ dengan menggunakan kaedah pendaraban Lagrange.

[30 markah]

Question 6

- (a) Evaluate the following integral.

$$\int_0^{\pi/2} \int_0^x x \sin(y) dy dx.$$

[30 marks]

- (b) Evaluate the following integral by changing the order of integration.

$$\int_0^3 \int_{x^2}^9 x e^{-y^2} dy dx.$$

[35 marks]

- (c) Use polar coordinate to find the volume of solid below the paraboloid $z = 25 - 5x^2 - 5y^2$ and above the xy -plane.

[35 marks]

Soalan 6

- (a) *Nilaikan kamiran berikut.*

$$\int_0^{\pi/2} \int_0^x x \sin(y) dy dx.$$

[30 markah]

- (b) *Nilaikan kamiran berikut dengan menukarkan turutan kamiran.*

$$\int_0^3 \int_{x^2}^9 x e^{-y^2} dy dx.$$

[35 markah]

- (c) *Gunakan koordinat kutub untuk mencari isipadu bagi pepejal di bawah paraboloid $z = 25 - 5x^2 - 5y^2$ dan di atas satah xy .*

[35 markah]